

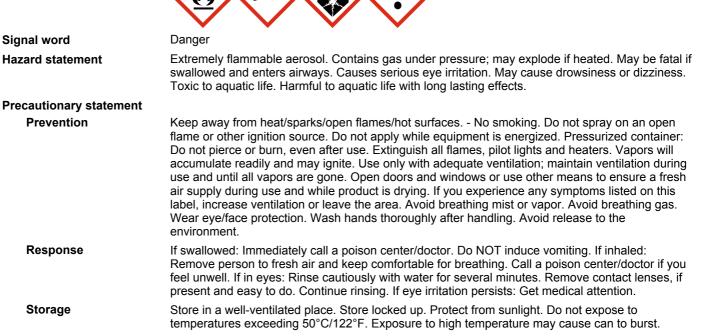
SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| Indontinoution | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Product identifier | Carquest Non-Chlorinated Brake Parts Cleaner |
| Other means of identification | |
| Product code | 1013 (CCM) (CRC# 09994) |
| Recommended use | Brake parts cleaner |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier | /Distributor information |
| Manufactured or sold by: | |
| Company name | CRC Industries, Inc. |
| Address | 885 Louis Dr. |
| | Warminster, PA 18974 US |
| Telephone | |
| General Information | 215-674-4300 |
| Technical | 800-521-3168 |
| Assistance | |
| Customer Service | 800-272-4620 |
| 24-Hour Emergency | 800-424-9300 (US) |
| (CHEMTREC) | 703-527-3887 (International) |
| Website | www.crcindustries.com |
| | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | Gases under pressure | Compressed gas |
| Health hazards | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 2 |
| | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard | Category 3 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |
| | | |
| | | |



Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

8.49% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 8.49% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| Acetone | | 67-64-1 | 80 - 90 |
| Carbon dioxide | | 124-38-9 | 5 - 10 |
| 3-Methylhexane | | 589-34-4 | 1 - 3 |
| Methylcyclohexane | | 108-87-2 | 1 - 3 |
| n-Heptane | | 142-82-5 | 1 - 3 |
| Cyclohexane | | 110-82-7 | < 1 |

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

| 4. First-aid measures | |
|--|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire-fighting | In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without |

6. Accidental release measures

equipment/instructions

General fire hazards

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Avoid breathing gas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Extremely flammable aerosol.

risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect spillage. Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
|---|--|
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. For product usage instructions, please see the product label. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Level 3 Aerosol. |
| | Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of the reach of children. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | PEL | 9000 mg/m3 | |
| | | 5000 ppm | |
| Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) | PEL | 1050 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 300 ppm | |
| Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2) | PEL | 2000 mg/m3 | |
| | | 500 ppm | |
| n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) | PEL | 2000 mg/m3 | |
| | | 500 ppm | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 3-Methylhexane (CAS | STEL | 500 ppm | |
| 589-34-4) | | | |
| 369-34-4) | TWA | 400 ppm | |
| 569-54-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA STEL | 400 ppm 750 ppm | |
| | | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS | STEL | 750 ppm | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL TWA | 750 ppm 500 ppm 30000 ppm | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Cyclohexane (CAS | STEL TWA STEL | 750 ppm 500 ppm | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylcyclohexane (CAS | STEL TWA STEL TWA | 750 ppm 500 ppm 30000 ppm 5000 ppm | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) | STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA | 750 ppm 500 ppm 30000 ppm 5000 ppm 100 ppm | |

Material name: Carquest Non-Chlorinated Brake Parts Cleaner 2002 Version #: 01 Issue date: 03-04-2014

US, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | TWA | 400 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen | nical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | STEL | 54000 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 30000 ppm | |
| | TWA | 9000 mg/m3 | |
| | | 5000 ppm | |
| Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) | TWA | 1050 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 300 ppm | |
| Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2) | TWA | 1600 mg/m3 | |
| | | 400 ppm | |
| n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | | 440 ppm | |
| | TWA | 350 mg/m3 | |
| | | 85 ppm | |

Biological limit values

| ACGIH Biological Ex | cposure Indices |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Components | Valuo |

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time | |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|---|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * | _ |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, controls or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| Eye/face protection | Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton®. | |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. | |
| Respiratory protection | In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels. | |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. | |
| General hygiene considerations | When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. | |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | Clear. Colorless. |
| Odor | Solvent. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | -195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated |
| Initial boiling point and boiling | 132.9 °F (56.1 °C) estimated |
| range | |
| Flash point | < 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup |
| Evaporation rate | Fast. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

| 1.1 % estimated |
|-----------------------------|
| 12.8 % estimated |
| 5061 hPa estimated |
| > 2 (air = 1) |
| 0.84 estimated |
| Slightly soluble. |
| Not available. |
| 539.6 °F (282 °C) estimated |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| 91.5 % estimated |
| |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalies. Aluminum. Halogens. Peroxides. Oxygen. Amines. Ammonia. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Carbon oxides. |

11. Toxicological information

| Information on likely routes of | formation on likely routes of exposure | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | | |
| Inhalation | Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | | |
| Skin contact | Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. | | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. | | |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

| ake Parts Cleaner | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| Rabbit | 11501.0918 mg/kg estimated |
| | |
| Rat | 38853.0078 ppm, 4 hours estimated |
| | 80.89 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated |
| | |
| Rat | 6231.645 mg/kg estimated |
| Human | 3.5211 g/kg estimated |
| | |
| | |
| Rat | 23068.9746 ppm, 8 weeks estimated |
| | |
| Rat | 121.4157 mg/kg, 90 days estimated |
| | Rat Rat Human Rat |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
|---|--|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Narcotic effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

| Product | | Species | Test Results |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Carquest Non-Chlorin | ated Brake Parts C | leaner | |
| Acute | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish | 74.7831 mg/l, 96 hours estimated |
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-2 | 1) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Cyclohexane (CAS 11 | 0-82-7) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Methylcyclohexane (C | AS 108-87-2) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Striped bass (Morone saxatilis) | 5.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| n-Heptane (CAS 142- | 82-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| Loundles for product may | be based on additional component data not shown. | |
|--|--|--|
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the degradability of this product. | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available. | |
| Partition coefficient n-octa | anol / water (log Kow) | |
| Acetone | -0.24 | |
| Cyclohexane | 3.44 | |
| Methylcyclohexane | 3.61 | |
| n-Heptane | 4.66 | |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. | |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. | |
| 13. Disposal consideration | ons | |
| Disposal of waste from residues / unused products | This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material | |

| Hazardous waste code | D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F F003: Waste Non-halogenated Solvent - Spent Non-halogenated Solvent |
|----------------------------|---|
| residues / unused products | disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Disposal of waste from | This material and its container must be disposed of as nazardous waste. Consult autionities before |

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

| DOT | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | 304 |
| Packaging bulk | None |
| ΙΑΤΑ | |
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 10L |
| | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo | Allowed. |
| aircraft | |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed. |
| IMDG | |
| UN number | |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY, MARINE POLLUTANT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | _ |
| Class | 2 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | Yes |
| EmS | F-D, S-U |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| | |

15. Regulatory information

| S federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| TSCA Section 12(b) Exp | ort Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) | | |
| Not regulated. | | | |
| SARA 304 Emergency release notification | | | |
| Not regulated. | | | |
| US. OSHA Specifically R | egulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| US EPCRA (SARA Title I | II) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| CERCLA Hazardous Sub | ostance List (40 CFR 302.4) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64- | 1) | | |
| CERCLA Hazardous Sub | stances: Reportable quantity | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64- | 1) 5000 lbs | | |
| • | Ilting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National 0-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. | | |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec | tion 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List | | |
| Not regulated. | | | |

| | | 112(r) Accidental Release Pr | evention (40 CFR 68.130) |
|-----|---|---|--|
| | Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) | Not regulated. | |
| | Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemic Code Number | | |
| | Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) | | |
| | Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtu | | 35 % weight/volumn |
| | Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | ures code Number | 6532 |
| | Food and Drug Administration (FDA) | Not regulated. | 0002 |
| | | d Reauthorization Act of 1986 | (SARA) |
| | Section 311/312 Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No | |
| | SARA 302 Extremely | No | |
| | hazardous substance | | |
| 05 | state regulations | towards I interd outbottoward | |
| | US. New Jersey RTK - Subst | | |
| | 3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2) | | |
| | n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5 US. Massachusetts RTK - Si | | |
| | 3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2) n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) | | |
| | US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances | | |
| | 3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2) n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) US. Rhode Island RTK | | |
| | Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-8 | 2-7) | |
| | US. California Proposition 6 | | |
| | - | | ne State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other |
| | US - California Proposit | ion 65 - CRT: Listed date/Car | cinogenic substance |
| | Benzene (CAS 71-43 Cumene (CAS 98-82 Ethanal (CAS 75-07- US - California Proposit | 2-8) | Listed: February 27, 1987 Listed: April 6, 2010 Listed: April 1, 1988 relopmental toxin |
| | Benzene (CAS 71-43 | 3-2) | Listed: December 26, 1997 |
| | Toluene (CAS 108-8 | • | Listed: January 1, 1991 |
| | Toluene (CAS 108-8 | | Listed: August 7, 2009 |
| | | ion 65 - CRT: Listed date/Mal | • |
| | Benzene (CAS 71-43 | 3-2) | Listed: December 26, 1997 |
| Vol | atile organic compounds (VC EPA | 0C) regulations | |
| | VOC content (40 CER | 92% | |

| Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) | Not regulated | |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| State | | |
| Consumer products | This product is regulated as a Brake Cleaner. This product is compliant for | r use in all 50 states. |
| VOC content (CA) | 9.2 % | |
| VOC content (OTC) | 9.2 % | |
| International Inventories | | |
| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | Yes |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory United States & Puerto Rico

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 03-04-2014 |
|---------------------|--|
| Prepared by | Allison Cho |
| Version # | 01 |
| Further information | CRC # 920B |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: B |
| NFPA ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 |
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